Outcome Report for Informational Literacy Competencies for

OT 360: Occupational Therapy Practice I: Pediatrics

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Occupational Therapy

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OT 360: Occupational Therapy Practice I: Pediatrics

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To measure the outcomes of this project, I will use the *Information Literacy Competency Standards for Higher Education* of the *Association of College and Research Libraries* to assess the students' ability to gather, analyze, and use information and to measure the students' progress toward information literacy.

Standards, Performance Indicators, and Outcomes

I chose Standard Four as the most useful to measure the students' ability to complete an evidence based treatment plan, to conduct primary searches, to complete an article matrix and to research the developmental milestone achievement of infants and children.

Standard Four

The information literate student, individually or as a member of a group, uses information effectively to accomplish a specific purpose.

Performance Indicators:

1. The information literate student applies new and prior information to the planning and creation of a particular product or performance.

Outcomes Include:

- a. Organizes the content in a manner that supports the purposes and format of the product or performance (e.g. outlines, drafts, storyboards)
 - Students effectively learned how to create an article matrix.

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c. Integrates the new and prior information, including quotations and paraphrasings, in a manner that supports the purposes of the product or performance
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create an evidence based treatment plan.
d. Manipulates digital text, images, and data, as needed, transferring them from their original locations and formats to a new context

After receiving training from Mrs. Bonnie Oldham, students expanded

their thinking skills to complete assignments requiring them to become skilled users of information sources in many locations and formats,

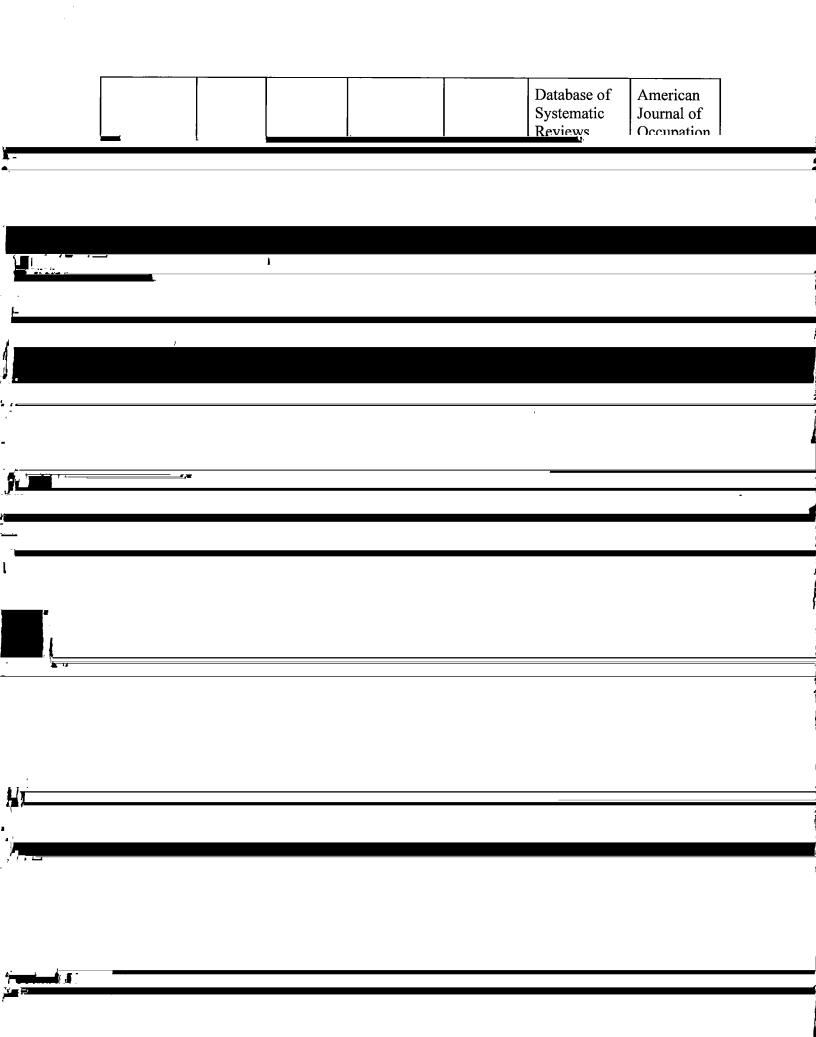
thereby increasing their responsibility for their own learning.

Evidence Based Project – OT 360

Author (s) Title of study/article Title of Journal Year Vol & Page numbers	Purpose	Research Design Identify research design as noted by the authors of the study.: Use * to indicate design identified by student	Research Focus & Interventions	Results	Conclusions & Methodology Issues	Level of Evidence & Grade Include Reference
Authors	Purpose	Research	Focus	Results	Conclusions	Level
Case-Smith,	The	Design	The focus of	Results of	Some	Level I
Jane	purpose	The	the study	the study	conclusions	
	of this	research	contained	portrayed	from this	Grade
Title of	study	design	five themes;	the use of	review	Overall this
Study	was to	included	touch-based	modeling	include there	article
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s to Promote	the	research	parent-infant	a child's	that	and
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t in Young	of the	eleven	interventions	Smith,	promote	ns

	1).	subject	to teach	activities	into daily	Systematic
Pages 395-		studies	children	and	lives (Case-	review of
404		(Level IV)	appropriate	selecting	Smith, 2013,	interventio
		(Case-	social	certain	p. 10).	ns to
		Smith,	behaviors	toys can	Preschool	promote
		2013, p.	(Case-Smith,	promote	aged children	social-
		2-3).	2013, p. 3).	peer	are able to	emotional
				interaction	develop	developme
			Interventio	s by	social	nt in young
			n Parents	encouragin	competence	children
			were	g social	through peer-	with or at
			coached to	participati	mediated	risk for
			use	on (Case-	strategies	disability.
			strategies	Smith,	(Case-Smith,	American
			that promote	2013, p.	2013, p. 10).	Journal of
			positive	10).		Occupation

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	Year: 2014	& Cooper, 2014,	contain relevant information to the	The review looked at a myriad of assessment tools and their success at	
	1 car: 2014	p. 670).	question that was	assessment tools and their success at accurately determining the fitness to	
	Volume: 68		posed by the	drive of older adults (Dickerson et al.	
	Dogo Maria		authors (Dickerson	2014, p. 672). These tools included	
2	Page Numbers:	1	<u>et al. 2014 n.</u>	evaluations that tested cognition vision	
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